CHAPTER 309.

PRACTICE OF DENTISTRY.

S. F. 198.

AN ACT relating to the practice of dentistry and dental hygiene, which prohibits licensed dentists from practicing or advertising under any other name than their own, requires licensed dentists to file a biennial report and pay a biennial fee, provides for the examining and licensing of dental hygienists, and amends certain statutory provisions now regulating the practice of dentistry.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

1

3

4 5

9

10

11

13 14

15

16

17

18

19 20 21

22 23

24

Dentists to practice under their own names ex-SECTION 1. It shall hereafter be unlawful for any licensed dentist to operate or conduct, in the state of Iowa, a dental office or dental parlors where dentistry or dental surgery in any of its departments is practiced under any other name than his own, or to display, in connection with his practice, on signs, stationery, cards, circulars, newspapers, or other mediums of advertising, any other than his own 7 name; but these provisions shall not be so construed as to prevent two or more licensed dentists who are associated in the practice, 9 from using all of their names, or so as to prohibit a widow or an heir 10 of a deceased dentist, or his administrator, executor or trustee, from 11 operating or conducting such office until reasonable opportunity has 12 been given for disposing of same.

Biennial reports—fee—revocation of license—expendi-Every dentist heretofore or hereafter licensed to ture of funds. practice dentistry in Iowa and engaged in the active practice of dentistry in this state, shall file, during the month of January, 1918, and biennially thereafter, a report with the secretary and treasurer of the state board of dental examiners, on blanks furnished by him, accompanied by a biennial fee of one (\$1.00) dollar, which report shall set forth, (1) the name of the licensed dentist, (2) his office address, (3) the name and address of each dentist and dental hygienist operating in his office and under his supervision, and also the license number of each of such parties, together with the date of its Upon receipt of the fee and report from any licensed dentist, as required by law, the secretary and treasurer of the state board of dental examiners shall issue to him a renewal of his license. state board of dental examiners may, upon hearing and after giving the licensee sixty days written notice of such hearing, revoke the license of any licensed dentist in the state of Iowa who defaults in the filing of such report or the payment of such biennial fee; but the filing of all delinquent reports and the payment of all delinquent fees on or before the time of hearing, with such additional sum, not exceeding five (\$5.00) dollars, as may be fixed by the state board of dental examiners, which amount must be stated in the notice, shall excuse such default and entitle the holder to a renewal of his license. It shall be the duty of the state board of dental examiners to enforce the provisions of this section, and it may collect all delinquent fees in a civil action brought in the name of the state of Iowa.

All biennial fees and other funds arising under the dental laws of Iowa shall be accounted for by the secretary and treasurer of the state board of dental examiners, and by him turned into the state treasury within thirty days from the date when they are received; and the state treasurer shall place all such moneys in a separate fund, credited to the state board of dental examiners, and out of which shall be paid all the necessary expenses incurred in the administration and enforcement of the laws regulating the practice of dentistry and dental hygiene and the prosecution of those violating any of their provisions. All unappropriated money in such fund on the 31st day of December of each odd numbered year, shall be transferred to the general revenues of the state. The auditor is hereby authorized and directed to draw warrants against such fund in payment of all claims incurred by said board which are itemized and verified as required by section one hundred sixty-two (162), supplement to the code, 1913, certified as correct by the secretary and treasurer of the state board of dental examiners and approved by the state board of audit, and the state treasurer is authorized and directed to pay any and all such warrants out of the said fund credited to the state board of dental examiners.

SEC. 3. Women eligible as dental hygienists. Any woman over eighteen years of age and of good moral character, whose preliminary education is equivalent to two years in the high school, and who is a graduate of a training school for dental hygiene, requiring a suitable course of not less than one academic year of at least nine months, and approved by the state board of dental examiners, may, upon the payment of ten dollars (\$10.00), be examined in the subjects taught in any such approved course for a license to practice as a dental hygienist, by the state board of dental examiners, and if her examination is satisfactory to said board, she shall be licensed as a dental hygienist and given a license allowing her to remove lime deposits, accretions and stains upon the exposed surfaces of the teeth and directly beneath the free margins of the gums, but she shall not otherwise engage in the practice of dentistry as defined in section twenty-six hundred-o (2600-o), supplement to the code, 1913; provided, however, that all such work shall be done either in a dental office, or in a public or private school, or in a public institution, and under the supervision of a licensed dentist of this state. Any woman not a graduate of a training school for dental hygienists, but who has the other qualifications and who has had, prior to January 1st, 1917, at least five years practical experience in dental hygiene work in a dental office under the direction of a dentist licensed in this state, may, by complying with the statutory provisions regulating such matters, take the examination required of a dental hygienist; provided, however, that application for such examination be made within one year from the date this law becomes effective. amination is satisfactory to said board, she shall be licensed as a dental hygienist.

Any applicant who fails to pass the examination shall forfeit the fee paid by her, but will be entitled to one re-examination at any future meeting of the state board of dental examiners free of charge, but for each subsequent examination she shall pay ten dollars

(\$10.00).

SEC. 4. Revocation of license of dentist. That the law as it appears in section twenty-six hundred-o5 (2600-o5), supplement to the code, 1913, be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto after the word "dentist" and before the word "in" in the third line thereof, the words "or any dental hygienist"; also by adding thereto as sub-division 3, and between lines ten and eleven thereof, the following:

3. The practice of dentistry as defined in section twenty-six hundred-o (2600-o), supplement to the code, 1913, by a dental hygienist or the permitting of such practice of dentistry by any such dental hygienist by a dentist under whose supervision such dental hygienist

12 is operating.

89

10

11

SEC. 5. Compensation. That the law as it appears in section twenty-six hundred-g (2600-g), supplement to the code, 1918, be and the same is hereby repealed and the following is enacted in lieu there-d of:

Each member of the board shall receive the sum of seven dollars and fifty cents for each day he is actually engaged in the duties of his office, with the actual expenses incurred by him in the discharge of such duties, and the treasurer shall receive a salary not exceeding six hundred dollars per annum for his services as secretary and treasurer, which amounts shall be paid out of the fund received by the board under the provisions of this act, and from no other fund or source.

SEC. 6. Conflicting acts. All acts and parts of acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Approved April 23, A. D. 1917.

CHAPTER 310.

JURIES.

S. F. 149.

AN ACT to amend sections 346, 3676, 3686 and 3687 of the code and relating to the drawing of grand and petit jurors, fixing the number thereof and regulating the method and number of challenges and the method of exercising peremptory challenges and of selecting the petit jury from the panel.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Number of jurors. That section 346 of the code be amended by substituting therefor the following:

The grand jury shall be composed of seven members. The petit jurors shall be twenty-four (24) in number unless the court or judge otherwise orders a greater or less number which shall not exceed seventy-two (72).

1 SEC. 2. Selection of jury. That section 3676 of the code be 2 amended by substituting therefor the following: